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The publishers will not hold themselves responsible for any error that may occur, beyond the amount charged for the advertisement.

Mr. Elisha Field, at the Mechanic's News Office, Boston, is Agent for this paper. Advertisements left with him will be immediately forwarded.

LIST OF MAILS,

WHICH ARRIVE AT AND DEPART FROM THE BANGOR POST OFFICE.

WESTERN, leaves every morning at 2, arrives every day from 9 to 11 1/2 P. M.

EASTERN, leaves every morning at 6, arrives every day from 5 to 6 P. M.

NORTHERN, leaves every day at 1 P. M., arrives every day at 12 M.

SOUTHERN, leaves every morning at 8, arrives every day (except Sunday) from 4 to 5 P. M.

WATERBURY, leaves every morning at 7, arrives every day from 5 to 7 P. M.

WATERBURY, leaves every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning at 7, arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday from 12 to 6 P. M.

WATERBURY, via Dexter, leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning at 7, arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday from 9 to 11 P. M.

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NEW YORK APPLES.
BBLs. superior N. York Apples, of various kinds—such as Greenings, Pippins, Julietts, Seeknuth's, Gilliflowers, etc.—just received and for sale by **WILLIAMS & PRINCE.**
Nov.—27.

FLOUR AND RAISINS.
BBLs. New Wheat Baltimore Flour—blue and blk mark Fresh Raisins, in boxes—for sale by **MOORE & BUTMAN,**
Nov. 27. 7, Main street

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE.
I, **JOSEPH CARR,** of the city of Bangor, and County of Penobscot, hereby give public notice of my claim by mortgage deed to the Real Estate herein described, and situated in said Bangor, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds for said County, and executed by the following named person, to wit—
Joshua Carpenter, a piece of parcel of land lying and being on Jefferson street and Division street, said deed dated March 30th, 1835, and recorded April 1st, 1835, book 33, page 481. For a more particular description of said land and mortgage deed, reference may be had to the Registry of Deeds in and for said County. The conditions of the forenamed mortgage having been broken, by reason of which, I, the said CARR, claim to foreclose the same—and give this public notice, as the law in such cases provides. **JOSEPH CARR,**
Bangor, Dec. 12, 1843. dwdw

STEAM WORKS.
FURNITURE ESTABLISHMENT.
A. & E. DOLE & CO.
CABINET-MAKERS,
HAMMOND-ST. OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE, BANGOR.

THIS well known establishment has recently been enlarged and fitted up with a Steam Engine and a great variety of machinery for the manufacture of Cabinet Furniture of every variety and suited to all tastes and all conditions of life, in a style of elegance and durability equal to any establishment, and at rates as low as similar articles can be purchased in Boston or elsewhere. Among the articles manufactured and kept on hand are—
Mahogany hair-cloth Sofas—French Secretaries and others of all varieties—Bureaus of all kinds.

TABLES.
Centre, Pier, Card, Work, Dining, Pembroke, Toilet and Common Tables, with Marble or Mahogany tops. **SINKS AND WASH STANDS.**
Mahogany, Bird's-eye and Common **LOOKING GLASSES,** a rich variety and of all sizes.

CHAIRS.
Mahogany stuffed Rocking, a luxurious article—Mahogany, Bird's-eye, and Curled Maple; stuffed seat Parlor; Cane-seat of all kinds; Common of every variety.

A. & E. DOLE & Co. are prepared with excellent workmen in all departments of their business and give their entire personal attention to the practical details of their business. They are prepared to execute every variety of WOOD TURNING and of SAWING WOOD WORK TO PATTERNS, such as Pews and Chair Arms, and small dimension stuff of various kinds.

They are determined to have their work well done and to sell as cheap as any body.

PATENT PLATFORM AND COUNTER BALANCES.
One of this firm is the PATENTEE of the highly useful and popular Platform and Counter Balances for weighing merchandise. These they are continually manufacturing and sell them at much less prices than similar articles can be purchased in Boston or any other city in the Union. They ask the attention of the trading community to these balances as something superior.

¶ We beg to suggest to all interested in the prosperity of our city and all down east, to encourage home manufacture when that manufacture deserves it.

¶ All kinds of Country Produce and Lumber taken in exchange.

PIANO FORTES TUNED AND REGULATED.
One of the firm, J. A. WOODBURY, will give particular attention to tuning and regulating Pianos, and those favoring them with their patronage shall have their Instruments tuned and regulated in the most thorough and scientific manner. If not to their satisfaction no charge will be made.

Terms for tuning \$1.00.
Refer—(LORD) and COMSTON.
Bangor, CHARLES SUMNER HILL, Boston
May 26—dwdw

REYNOLDS & SMITH,
Drapers and Tailors,
No. 9, (West side) Main-st.
UP STAIRS.

All Garments warranted to give perfect satisfaction and made in the very best styles.
If you want a good fitting Coat, Pants or Vest just give us a call.

¶ 9 MAIN STREET
J. E. REYNOLDS. d&wtf ap20

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR.

HAIRY Excess on the upper lip of ladies or hair low on the forehead or back of the neck, can, with the utmost safety and certainty, be removed by the Chinese Hair Eradicator, and that, too, without the least irritation to the most tender skin. There are, however, some scores of imitations on this only first and original article. It can be seen and tried before purchasing, and the proprietor will forfeit \$20 to any one if it will not do it, provided it comes from 21 Courtland street, which is the only place to obtain it genuine.

For sale by G. W. LADD, A. P. GUILD, and A. YOUNG, JR. & Co., formerly Holden's.
Nov. 20. 3tdw and w6m

THE PILES AND ALL SORES.

HAY'S LINIMENT is known now to thousands, as a most extraordinary remedy for these affections. It is impossible to tell in a newspaper, in such a manner, as to obtain full credence, the effects and benefits of this article, so general is the practice of advertising of extolling articles of no merit. Such personal reference will be given, as to bring conviction to the minds of the most unbelieving. Will sufferers only ask among their friends, if they have not heard or known its effects; and if they do not hear it more warmly praised than any other salve, let them not get it. All fancy or exaggeration is positively excluded from the statements, and it is determined to say nothing of its merits, but what could be fully proved by a host of witnesses, in any court of justice. Will you look at the thing and the proofs which it may be had? at G. W. LADD'S, A. P. GUILD'S, and A. YOUNG, JR. & Co., formerly Holden's.
3tdw and w6m Nov 91

REMOVAL.

J. FORBES, Merchant Tailor, has removed to No. 16 West Market Square—rooms over Joseph Palmer's Shoe Store—and is prepared to make and trim all garments in the best possible manner, and at prices that shall satisfy all who want a good fit and as good work as can be obtained in the city of Bangor.
6m Oct. 5.

CABINET LIBRARY NO. 7.
IVES of celebrated American Indians, part 1, 25 cts.—for sale by **SMITH & FENNO.**

PATENT MILL WHEELS.
THE Subscriber having for a long time given his attention to the construction and operation of Water Wheels, has finally succeeded in the invention of two kinds of Wheels for which he has received Letters Patent from the Government of the United States.

These Wheels are simple in their construction, cheap and durable, are easily put in operation, and are not liable like most other wheels to get out of order, they are not obstructed by back water, when the head is not diminished thereby; and the same power and speed is obtained, with about one half the quantity of water usually applied to wheels now in general use.

A great number of these Wheels are now in operation and give in all cases entire satisfaction, and for further information respecting them the following gentlemen are referred to, all of whom have some of said wheels in operation: Jacob Drummond, James B. Fiske, Amos Davis and Leonard March, Esqrs. Messrs Fiske & Norcross, Foster & Gilman, S. P. & H. Stockland, W. T. & H. Peirce & Co. Bangor; Hon. J. S. Little, Portland; Hon. John Otis, Hallowell; F. A. Butman, Esquire, Dixmont; Robert Treat Geo. A. Peirce, Esquire, Frankfort; Daniel Dennett, Esq. Milo; Col Henry Orne, Milton; Messrs. Fiske & Bridge, Milford, Ira Wadleigh, Esq. Oldtown; Capt R. Fitz, Bethlam; John Black and John M. Hale, Esqrs. Ellsworth; Messrs. A. Campbell & Co. Cherryfield; Daniel Harwood, Esq. Machias; Levi L. Lowell, Calais.

The above wheels are manufactured and for sale at the Iron Foundries of Messrs. HINCKLEY & EGERY and FRANKLIN MUZZY & Co. in this city, who are furnished with a great variety of patterns, so that Wheels of any particular description, or adapted to any given head of water, can be furnished at short notice. They are also authorized to dispose of the Patent Right for the same.

SAMUEL L. VALENTINE.
Bangor, July 11, 1843—d and wtf

To the Honorable Judge of Probate within and for the County of Penobscot.

WILLIAM D. SOHIER of Boston in the County of Suffolk, and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, respectfully represents, that Edward Tuckerman, late of said Boston, has deceased; that his last will and testament has been duly proved and allowed in the Court of Probate for said County of Suffolk, that your petitioner was appointed Executor of said Will, and letters testamentary have been granted to him by said Court; a copy of which will, and of the Probate thereof under the seal of said Court is here in Court produced.

And your petitioner further represents that said Edward Tuckerman died possessed of real estate situate in said County of Penobscot, on which said will operates and which ought to be administered according thereto.

Wherefore he prays that the copy of said will and probate may be filed and recorded in the Probate office in said County, of Penobscot, and such proceedings had thereon as to Law and Justice shall appertain.

WILLIAM D. SOHIER.
By his Attorney, **FREDERICK HOBBS.**

AT A Court of Probate holden at Bangor within and for the County of Penobscot, on the last Tuesday of December in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three:

THE aforesaid William D. Sohier above named, having presented the above petition, Ordered that the said Executor give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this petition and this order of Court, to be published three weeks successively in the Daily Whig and Courier, a paper printed in Bangor in said County, the first publication to be at least thirty days previous to the last Tuesday of January next, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be holden at the Probate Office, in Bangor, on the last Tuesday of January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

SAMUEL CONY, Judge.
A true copy, attest: **JOHN WILLIAMS, Reg'ter.**
A true copy of the Petition and Order of Court thereon.—Attest. **JOHN WILLIAMS, Reg.**
Jan. 1. 1awd3w

THE BOSTON ALMANAC, FOR 1844,

BY S. N. DICKINSON.

WILL be ready for purchasers in the early part of December. Orders first received will meet with the first attention. It will contain A CLASSIFIED DIRECTORY,

OF ALL THE

BUSINESS PEOPLE AND FIRMS IN THE CITY.

Alphabetically arranged under each business, or profession. The advantages of such a Directory consist, in bringing to a point, from all parts of the city, the names of all persons engaged in each particular business. For instance, in a small compass, under the head of Hardware Dealers, will be found the names and places of business of all who deal in that commodity. So of Dry Goods, Leather, Furniture, Iron, Hats, Hosiery, etc., etc., etc.—all so arranged, that the reader may see, at a glance, the names of all those who are dealers in any one article. A variety of other useful and interesting matter will be found in this little volume. It will contain 25 or 30 pages more than heretofore, and be printed throughout on a new and beautiful Ruby Type, cut in Edinburgh, and obtained expressly for this work. The Calendar pages, as usual, will contain space for memoranda for each day in the year. It will be handsomely and substantially bound in cloth, and sold as usual, at 25 cents per copy.

Orders may be sent to the Proprietor,

S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington Street,

or to Messrs.

THOMAS GROOM & CO, 82 State Street.

In either case they will meet with prompt attention.

Boston, Nov. 17, 1843.

STEAM IRON WORKS.

FRANKLIN MUZZY & CO.
IRON FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS,
Opposite City Hall, Bangor.

CONTINUE to manufacture at their Establishment every variety of Machinery and Castings used in this section of the country.

MACHINERY.
Steam Engines, Turning Engines, Lathe and Screws; Shingle, Clapboard, Lath, Box, Sapping and Threshing Machines.

MILL CASTINGS.
Cast Iron Reaction Water Wheels; Balance Wheels for Saw Mills; Mill Cranks; Gudgeons;—Grist Mill Spindles; and an extensive assortment of Bevel and Spur Gearing, for Mills and Machinery.

STOVE CASTINGS.
A large assortment of Fire Frames, from new and beautiful patterns; Cook Stoves, several kinds; Parlor Fire Stoves, of different sizes; an assortment of Box Stoves; and a great variety of Air-Tight Stove Castings.

PLOUGHS.
An assortment of Ploughs from patterns greatly approved, and of the best Timber; Plough Points for a great variety of Ploughs. Also—Cart and Wagon Hubs, cast whole; Potash Kettles, Cauldrons, Fire Dogs, Pipe Boxes, &c.

BAR IRON AND STEEL.
Circular Saws; Blacksmithing and Composition Castings; Machine Casts from one of the oldest and most celebrated manufactories in Mass.

All the above will be found equal in quality to any in the market, and for sale on as reasonable terms.

July 18—w

MISCELLANEOUS.
THE UNLUCKY MISTAKE.

BY MRS. CAROLINE ORNE.

"I'll say as they say"—Comedy of Errors.

Mrs. Sinclair, though handsome and amiable, remained single till she was nearly forty, when she received and accepted an offer of marriage from Mr. Sinclair, a bachelor of about her own age. Soon afterwards, she unexpectedly came into possession of a large property, bequeathed by a distant relative. This good fortune was speedily followed by a severe affliction. Her husband, in every respect an estimable man, was taken suddenly ill and died. Having no near relation of her own, and those distant being already sufficiently affluent, she came to the determination to adopt one of the nieces of her late husband, should either of them please her. She had as yet seen none of his relatives, all of them residing in distant towns. She had, however, heard him express a great regard for his half brother, whose name was Harden, which made her desirous to obtain some information relative to his family. As she was revolving the subject in her mind, she recollected that Mr. Sinclair had told her that a poor widow by the name of Mansfield, who procured a livelihood by sewing, was a sister to Mr. Harden's first wife, and on her she resolved to call in the hope of obtaining the information she desired. She put on her bonnet and shawl, and a few minutes' walk brought her to the door of Mrs. Mansfield's humble dwelling. The widow answered her knock, and conducted her into a small but neat apartment.

"I am afraid," said Mrs. Mansfield, in answer to Mrs. Sinclair's inquiries, "that I can give you no satisfactory information concerning them. My sister, who was Mr. Harden's first wife, died in a little more than a year after her marriage, leaving an infant daughter a few weeks old, and I have never visited them since. His second wife has likewise a daughter, but as to the merits of either I am wholly in the dark."

At this moment a little girl belonging to a family that occupied a part of the same house, entered with a letter in her hand.

"I have just been to the Post-office for Mrs. Norris," said she, "and the Postmaster asked me to bring this letter to you. He said the postage was paid."

"This must be from one of the Hardens," said Mrs. Mansfield, "by the post-mark. After neglecting me eighteen years, I don't know why they should notice me now."

"I hope it is from one of the young ladies," said Mrs. Sinclair, "for some people say that you can judge of a woman's character by her letters." "Yes, it is from Florence, my niece," replied Mrs. Mansfield, looking at the signature, and she was then going to lay the letter aside, but Mrs. Sinclair requested her to read it.

Her niece informed her that the perusal of some letters which she wrote to her mother about the time of her marriage, which she had recently found while overlooking some old papers, had awakened in her so strong a desire to see her, that she had, with her father's concurrence, written to her for the purpose of inviting her to spend several weeks with them.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1844.

FOR PRESIDENT,
HENRY CLAY,
OF KENTUCKY.

SEE FIRST PAGE.

Governor's Message.

This document has been laid before our readers and they have probably made up their minds as to its merits. It is an improvement upon the Messages of Mr Fairfield because it has less to do with subjects relating to the affairs of the general government. We are inclined to think that our new Governor is a bit of a wag in his way for he certainly gives his political friends a sly trust or two in the way of a semi approval of the past, and a strong caution for the future. He says:—

"The Legislature of last year, having given its attention to several topics of national interest, upon all of which the sentiments of a large majority of the people were truly reflected, it is not my purpose now to invite a renewed discussion; nor is it believed that any thing need be added to strengthen the conviction of our fellow citizens in favor of that system of policy, under which prior to the last change in its administration, the country was so generally prosperous and happy."

Prosperous and happy!!! That is a great joke and it would have been worth something to have seen the Governor keep his countenance during the reading of that passage. Now the plain English of the first part is, that the members of the last Legislature having rendered themselves perfectly ridiculous by meddling with matters that did not belong to them and of which they showed themselves profoundly ignorant, this Legislature had better not attempt to swim in deep water, but like little boats, as they are, keep near the shore. Governors heretofore have been content to suggest topics for consideration and sometimes to argue them, but we have in the present Message something new, in the way of cautioning the Legislature against considering certain matters. To this feature we ought not, perhaps, to raise an objection after the exhibition of folly presented by the last Legislature. We like the advice on the whole and think it quite probable the Legislature may need it, at all events we trust they will follow it.

The new Governor gives the last Legislature another side-winder in his remarks upon the \$17,000 now laying in the United States Treasury for Maine. He evidently regards the members of that body as rather 'green' for so pompously and virtuously refusing to receive it! He remembers that although Cæsar did thrice reject the offered crown he could not resist the fourth time of asking; and hence he reasons that although this money is a very wicked and a very unconstitutional and very base bribe—yet—yet—he leaves it to the Legislature to decide, whether, having once or twice refused it, it is not best now to take it. He significantly enough hints that it is best to go back and retract the resolution by taking the money!

The Message so mingles the various matters involved in the questions of protection and revenue that it would be difficult to understand him but for the announcement, incidentally, made that the only legitimate purpose of a tariff is revenue. This is an abandonment of the whole doctrine of protection as a permanent system, and of course no real friend to protection, for its own sake, can assent to the declaration.

We regard the Governor's recommendation of Mr Poinsett's Militia bill for drilling the Militia of Maine New Hampshire and Vermont, in one division under the orders of the President, as something exceedingly rich. Van Buren and his friends tried very hard to escape from his recommendation of this very scheme. How far the new Governor's views upon this matter will be approved by the Military Convention in August, we may hereafter learn. If we thought this recommendation was likely to influence the public mind in favor of the system proposed by Mr Poinsett we should feel disposed to interpose a strong protest, but as the people, after a thorough discussion, have condemned it once, we are willing to trust their second sober thought.

On the whole, the Message is much more moderate than we expected, and was evidently intended, while the peculiar political doctrines of the party should be preserved, to have them appear in the least objectionable form. On the whole the Governor is more cunning and less bold than we anticipated.

Electioneering Handbill of the Seventh Congressional District.

The office holders and ex-office holders have issued a very amusing circular, in a hand bill and in the Democrat, to the democracy of the county of Hancock, in order to soften the feeling which exists against the nomination of Shepard Carey, and his election to Congress. This circular is signed by thirty-seven individuals, to wit—by the Sheriff, the County Attorney, the Clerk of the Courts, and fifteen others, late and present incumbents of office. This is so far as we know them, and from the character of the paper, it is very likely that all the signers have been recipients at the public crib. The body of the circular, we should suppose, was manufactured in Aroostook. We make the following extract, which exhibits conclusively the unfair means which were used to obtain a particular nomination and thrust aside the Hon. Leonard Jarvis, who was the favorite candidate of Hancock:—

"The Hon. Shepard Carey, a gentleman of integrity and ability, and a democrat to the core, was fairly the democratic candidate and the only candidate of the party—and of a party too, having ample and abundant power to have triumphantly elected him."

The circular goes on and in the most direct manner, develops the means used by Carey, to effect his nomination. It states that "To effect this compromise [whereby Hancock was cheated out of her just rights] and to make this nomination cost much labor and expense."

Here is the truth in a nut-shell. The friends of the other candidates have always maintained that it was by money, "expense" and the most unfair means that the nomination was procured—and now that it is unblushingly disclosed, that to procure this nomination "cost much labor and expense" we do not think the democracy of Hancock or Washington, will be eager to change their opinion of the man, or sanction the means used to obtain a nomination. We have heard that the sum expended to effect the compromise and get a nomination was about five hundred dollars. If the candidate is not elected, we really hope that the Legislature will pass a bill to make up this loss. Before doing this, however, they had better vote to receive the \$17,000 of public money belonging to this State, which Mr Carey voted not to receive last winter.

We give another amusing extract from this wonderful circular, which goes far to establish the correctness of our idea of its author. It is somewhat poetical but who is ignorant that Mr Carey was "born a poet" as well as a "radical democrat." This circular in alluding to the eminent statesman of Kentucky, speaks of him as

"That King of humbugs—
And accomplished debauchee!"

Now we do not blame Mr Carey for wanting to go to Congress. We care not a rye straw what he or his friends say in favor of his abilities, nor do we think it will entirely overthrow Mr Clay or the whig party, but still we would ask Mr Carey and the thirty-seven signers of this circular to remember that "those who live in glass houses should not throw stones." We think the people have a very just appreciation of the character of the candidate who is so over anxious to have them give him their votes. If he is not elected we think he will have an equally good opinion of them. We wish the Sheriff, County Attorney, and Clerk, would let the world have all they know about Mr Clay—and by way of postscript they might give us all the knowledge they possess of Mr Carey, of his peculiar notion of free trade, as practically illustrated in himself in the way in which he transacts business upon both sides of the line. It may sound bright and witty in the ears of Mr Carey and his thirty-seven signers to speak as they have of Mr Clay, but we can assure them this wholesale slander of one who has been in public life and stations, from Jefferson's administration to the present, would not be sanctioned by either of the opposing candidates for the high honors of the Presidency.—We remember that in 1841 a certain gentleman made an attack in the House of Representatives upon the citizens of Bangor, in a speech characterized for grossness and falsity. The accusation was met with the scorn which it deserved, and the character of him who made the attack, was portrayed by our Representative in so truthful a manner as to render harmless any thing the viper had said or could say. We would commend that reply to the Sheriff of Hancock and 36 others, and as our recollection is not fresh in relation to the matter, they will confer a favor by letting the people know whether the charges then made were ever denied by the Hon. gentleman. If not, were they true?

The circular informs us that if Mr Carey is not elected the whigs "may have a majority of the delegation in Congress and throw this State in favor of a federal candidate for President in case the election devolves upon the House of Representatives." So Waldo is given up! We trust our whig friends in Waldo and Somerset will mark and remember that Mr Carey and his friends, the Sheriff, County Attorney, and Clerk of Hancock, give up the election of Mr White. This opinion is undoubtedly owing to the fact that Mr Carey is a Calhoun man while Mr White goes to the death for Van Buren!

We should like to ask one question more and that is, who paid the expense of getting up this extraordinary document, and cost of procuring signatures? "The compromise and nomination," we have been told, "cost much labor and expense." We would ask Mr. Carey if he does not think his election will cost much more labor and expense?

We are not surprised at the sight of this circular. We have known that the people were slowly but surely breaking away from the power of the leaders. They are thinking for themselves, and the papers owned and controlled by political leaders, and office-holders, in vain shout the "usages of party" and "regular nominations." The "old hunkers" have ruled long enough—and there is ample evidence that an unsuitable or untimely nomination, will not meet the support of the party. The office-holders and expectants, will rave and shout, because they are paid for it, but the people, will calmly pass sentence of condemnation.

We do not believe the democracy of Hancock and Washington are to be bought over so easily.

We hope this strange and amusing circular will have the effect of arousing the whigs of that district to a strong and vigorous effort in behalf of the election of the Hon. THOMAS ROBINSON. He will nobly represent their best interests—a man of unsullied reputation, and of pure integrity. He has heretofore sustained public office at the wish of the people, and is by his experience and talents eminently qualified to be their representative in Congress. Mr. Robinson needs no circular or certificate from the sheriff or any judicial officer, as to his character, or abilities. If he did we should certainly appeal to Mr. Sheriff Tinker.

A word to "Liberty" of the Gazette we have no room for to day. It will appear to-morrow.

The true interests of the Working Men in Danger.

It is high time for the friends of protection of American industry, against the labor and capital of foreign countries to look about them, and see the dangers that threaten their vital interests.

The movements in and out of Congress are indicative of a determination on the part of the Loco Foco leaders, to put forward and maintain the doctrine that duties are to be laid with sole reference to revenue, and that protection is to be no part of the object in view, and not be regarded as of any importance, and if obtained in any degree, it must be accidental, and result from the revenue duties. It has become quite in fashion for these enemies of the working-men, these loud mouthed and professing democrats, to talk about duties only on revenue principles. Our new Governor, after expressing his opposition to the present tariff, and his regret that the friends of protection, insisted upon it, speaks of a competent revenue as being the "only legitimate purpose" of a tariff. Now it will not do for the friends of protection to yield to this doctrine.—

It is undoubtedly true that so far as receipts into the general treasury are concerned, the revenue feature is mainly important. But here we at once come to a point, partly abstract, but mainly practical, on which the two great parties divide. It has been one of the prominent doctrines of our opponents that the great object of government is to take care of itself, to provide means to carry on its business and pay its officers, and keep the machine in motion, and that in matters of revenue and currency it is bound to look only to its own interests, as independent of, if not antagonistical to, the people. The whigs, on the other hand, regard government as a means, and not as an end, and hold that its first duty is to look after, and foster, and protect the great industrial interests of the country, and that it has not fulfilled its objects and its duties, when it has provided simply for its own existence and the support of its dependents and officers. These different views of government and its duties lead one party to look only to revenue for government, and the other to higher and more extended views of protection and support to the people and their undivided interests. The doctrine that revenue is the only legitimate purpose of a tariff, comes from this narrow, selfish, and revolting doctrine. It is of the same family, with the Sub-Treasury and other kindred schemes.

But it is some times said, so long as we have duties, it is of no consequence whether they are laid for revenue or for protection, and that the government must for years need so much revenue that any tariff that can be made must give at least incidental protection.

Now it is true that it may happen sometimes that duties for protection and for revenue may coincide and operate well for both purposes. But it is manifest that in many cases the two objects must be diametrically opposed. If revenue is wanted, the object is to fix upon such a duty on any given article as shall secure the greatest amount of revenue. This looks to importation, and to such a duty as shall encourage the introduction of the article into the country. Without importation there can be no revenue. Protection looks to such a duty as shall enable our own farmers, artisans, and manufacturers to compete on fair terms, and supply the market. To illustrate—By the tariff, cheese pays a duty of 9 cts per pound. This operates as protection to the farmer. Very little, if any cheese is imported, and of course very little or no revenue is derived from this article. But, on revenue principles, the duty should be one, two, or three cents per pound, and then revenue would follow, and foreign cheese would come in and take the place of that made here. The same remark would apply to most other articles. Foreign butter pays a duty by the Whig tariff of 5 cents per pound—potatoes 10 cents per bushel—corn and oats 10 cents per bushel—wheat 25 cents per bushel—foreign caught fish \$1 per quintal—mackerel and herring \$1.50 per barrel—Salmon \$2 per barrel. On manufactured wood 30 per cent on its value; on wharf timber and cord wood 20 per cent on its value—On beef and pork 2 cents per pound. These are protective, if not prohibitory duties, in which we in Maine are directly interested.

Now Governor Anderson and his party say you must not look, in framing your law, to the object here clearly manifested, viz: to give the American market to the American farmer, lumberman, wood-chopper and fisherman, but you must put on such a duty on fish, agricultural products and cord wood as will bring in and secure the greatest amount of duty on the foreign articles from New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Canada or elsewhere—and thus obtain a revenue. For instance—as the duties now stand, no foreign fish are now imported—of course, no revenue.—Let the duty be 25 cents instead of one dollar, and the article would come in, and revenue be realized. But how would our fishermen like this? The illustration might be carried on by citing various other articles. In short, duties having revenue solely for their object, can never go any higher than the point of the greatest importation. They hold out encouragement to the foreign laborer—not the American workingman. They invite and desire only the work of other lands. The moment our workmen are able to compete with the foreigners, and supply the market, the duty must go down in order to secure revenue, and invite importations. There can be no stability or certainty—no system of protection—no aid to labor in its competition with the half starved operatives of the old world. This attempt to introduce this naked revenue principle must be resisted. It yields at once the great and vital question, and, if assented to, will destroy the whole fabric, under which we are now flourishing. We have a good Protective Tariff, thanks to a Whig Congress. It has done, and is doing wonders in reviving confidence and giving impulse to labor. Its friends must stand firm. The Whig party is the only one that can be relied upon to uphold and defend it.

Legislature of Maine.

Augusta, Saturday, Jan. 6.

In the Senate, an order was passed proposing a convention for the purpose of choosing Secretary of State.

Ordered, That, the House concurring, all petitions presented to this Legislature, from and after the second day of February next, except those relating to subjects of general and public legislation, shall be referred to the next Legislature, and that no further action shall be had thereon. Unanimously passed.

Three hundred copies of the Report of the Superintendent of the Insane Hospital, 300 copies of the Land Agent's Report, and 300 copies of the Rules and orders, and of the State Valuation ordered to be printed.

Petitions presented and referred—of Reuel Washburn et al, for change of day for the convening of the terms of the District Court in Oxford County; Selectmen of the town of Newry to have the municipal acts of said town legalized; Salem Towne et al, for authority as Directors of the Machias Water Power and Mill Company to tax the Shares of said Company.

Ordered, The House concurring, that the Messengers of each branch of this Legislature be directed to furnish the Reporters with one copy each of the printed Documents of this Legislature, also forward to the several Editors of public papers in this State, one copy each of the same.

[Editors wishing to avail themselves of this Order, will direct a number, each of their paper, to the Messenger of the Senate.]

The Senate went into convention and made choice of Philip C. Johnson Secy. of State.

The standing committees were appointed and the Senate Adj.

In the House of Representatives an order was passed for a committee to contract with some person to do the State printing and binding by issuing proposals and contracting with the person who will give bonds to do it on the most advantageous terms.

The remonstrance of certain inhabitants of the town of Eastport, against the right of Samuel Buckman to a seat in the House, as representative from said town, was presented and referred.

On a motion to print 300 copies of the town court bill there was some debate—the motion was negatived and the bill assigned for Thursday. Adj.

Augusta, Monday, Jan. 8.

In Senate, so much of the Governor's message as relates to the change of time of the meeting of the Legislature was referred to a committee.

Petitions presented and referred—of Colyer Small, et al, border inhabitants of the town of Bucksport, that they may be annexed to the town of Orrington.

List of the "unfinished business" of the last Legislature, read from the chair, and referred to appropriate committees.

Ordered, That so much of the Governor's message, as relates to the transferring of the payment of cost in criminal prosecutions to the Treasurers of the several counties in which they may accrue, be referred to a joint select committee Messrs Atwood, Chadwick and Deering on part of the Senate.

In the House, the unfinished business of the last session be taken from the files of the House, and referred to the appropriate committees.

Mr Little of Portland, offered the following: Ordered, That the Committee on Finance be directed to report a resolve or resolves, authorizing the Treasurer to receive any and every sum of money due from the U. States to this State, or credited by the U. States to this State; as the portion of the proceeds of the public lands, under the Distribution Act, belonging to this State. Also, further authorizing the Treasurer, to convert the whole amount of money which has been or may be received into the Treasury in payment of the claims of this State against the United States, under the provisions of the late treaty with Great Britain, and under the provisions of the Distribution Act, in the purchase of the scrip of this State at the lowest market value at which the same can be purchased.

On motion of Mr Emery, the above order was amended, by directing the committee to inquire into the expediency, &c., and as amended, passed.

Mr Perkins of Augusta, introduced a bill repealing "An Act respecting agency of foreign insurance companies in this State;" and on his motion, the same was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr Barnes of Portland,—Ordered, That the 24th Rule of this House be so amended, as that a motion to reconsider shall not be postponed nor laid on the table, without a time certain being assigned for its further consideration.

The Report of the State Treasurer was received and referred to a committee.

An order passed referring to a committee to consider the expediency of altering the present valuation, or of referring it to a committee to act in the recess.

Petitions presented and referred—of Geo. W. Pickering, et al, in favor of the prayer of Robert Gibson, for privilege to improve the winter navigation of Penobscot river—of Robert Gibson for foregoing object—of Charles Barrett, et al, for summer session of Legislature—of Salem Towne, et al, for authority as Directors of the Machias Water Power and Mill Company, to tax the shares of said company—of Stephen B. Parker, et al, of Greenbush, for certain settling privileges—of Samuel Hooper, commander of G. Company of Infantry in Ripley, for remuneration for services in Aroostook expedition. Adj.

[The alarm of fire yesterday afternoon was caused by the roof of the Kenduskeag House, on Main Street, taking fire from sparks from the chimney.]

[There was no mail last evening from beyond Portland.]

[We are indebted to William Paine, Esq. at Augusta, for documents.]

TEMPERANCE CALL.

The undersigned are in favor of forming a new Washingtonian Total Abstinence Society in this city for the following reasons, viz:

1st. The present Washingtonian Total Abstinence Society of Bangor, by an article in its Constitution, is confined to those who have recently been in the habit of using intoxicating drink, and though highly useful in the sphere of action to which it has thought fit to limit its exertions, yet leaves open a wide field of operation for a new society.

2d. It is believed that a new Washingtonian Society, co-operating with the old, would embrace a large number of individuals who do not now belong to any Temperance Society, and would give a new impulse to the cause of temperance in this city.

And for the purpose of organizing such a society, we propose to meet at the City Hall, in Bangor, on Thursday the eleventh day of January next, at seven o'clock in the evening; and it is confidently hoped that there will be a general meeting of all the friends of Temperance. Signed by

JOHN STUART,

ELIJAH LOW, Jr. and

Bangor, Dec. 23, 1843. 67 others

CARD.

J. PALMER tenders his hearty thanks to the fire department of Bangor, for their exertions on Monday night while his store was on fire, and in preserving his stock when in eminent peril of being consumed.

MAINE TEMPERANCE UNION.

The next annual meeting of the Maine Temperance Union will be held in the Baptist meeting house at Augusta, commencing on Wednesday, the 15th day of February next, and continuing through the following day.

All friends of Temperance, throughout the State are earnestly and cordially invited to be present. It is hoped the number of our Washingtonian brethren will be large.

A principal object of the meeting is to determine the question, whether it is right to apply the law to the business of rum-selling; and if right, whether it is expedient to apply it now. Many friends of Temperance believe the traffic entails more ruin upon the community than any other vice; and consequently, that the utmost rigor of the law should be enforced against it. They also believe that, if existing laws are insufficient for this purpose, immediate measures should be taken to effect the enactment of such laws as will put an actual stop to the traffic. All this may be attended in a spirit of kindness towards the rum-seller, while the vice of rum-selling, is held in utter detestation.

"Too fast, too far," has long been urged against the friends of Temperance. We retort: "Too far, too far," has the business of rum-selling been tried.

C. A. STACKPOLE,
F. M. SABINE,
ASA WALKER,
ARTHUR CAVERNO,
WM. H. DOW.

Executive Com. of Northern District.
[All papers in the State are respectfully requested to copy this notice.]

BANGOR MECHANIC ASSOCIATION.

THE Members of the Bangor Mechanic Association are hereby notified that, agreeable to a provision of the Constitution, their annual meeting for the choice of officers, for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may legally come before the Association, will be held at their Hall, Thursday, Jan. 11th, at 6 o'clock, P. M. It is desirable that every member of the Association should be present. Per order.

PERRY B. RIDER, Secy.

Jan. 10, 1844.

ADJOURNED MEETING.

THE Members of ENGINE COMPANY No. 1 are hereby notified that there will be an adjourned meeting on MONDAY, Jan. 15, 1844, at 7 o'clock, P. M. A punctual attendance is requested as business of importance will come before the Company.

BENJ. D. WESTER, Clerk.

Jan. 8.

WILLIS & CO'S.

BANK Note List for January '44, received at

BUGBEE'S.

THE WHIG ALMANAC for '44, received at

BUGBEE'S.

MERRY'S MUSEUM.

FOR January—a splendid number. This is the best Periodical now published for children. It is edited by Goodrich, the genuine Peter Parley, and will be filled the present year, with uncommonly excellent engravings, and interesting readings. Price \$1.00 per year; delivered in Bangor. Please call and examine at SMITH & FENNO'S.

—Eastern Periodical Agency.

MAGNIFICENT WORK.

HARPER'S illustrated BIBLE the most costly and splendid work ever issued in America. To be published in numbers weekly at 25 cents per No. Subscribers rec'd by D. BUGBEE.

Bookseller, Agent.

NEW MIRROR AND ROVER.

REGULARLY received, also the various cheap publications of the day. Magazines, &c. Newspapers, Boston Notion, per year, \$2.00, per No. 6c, the Yankee Nation \$2.00 per annum, 6c per No. 6c.

—ALSO—

The Uncle Sam, Punch, and illustrated English Papers, by every arrival of Steamships, regularly rec'd at

BUGBEE'S.

Cheap Periodical Depot.

A NEW WORK.

THE Female Bluebird, or Le Merne au diable by Eugene Sue. Price 25c.

BUGBEE'S.

NEW MIRROR NO. 14, JAN. 6.

OVER No. 16, January 6, a new supply of Sacred Poems by Willis, for sale by

SMITH & FENNO.

POTASH of the best quality constantly on

sale by

A. P. GUILD.

Jan. 6.

BAY RUM.

JUST received 6 doz. Bottles Genuine Bay Rum Capt. Parker's importation, for sale low by

A. P. GUILD.

VALUABLE SYSTEM OF ARITHMETIC.

GREENLEAF'S Introductory Arithmetic; New Edition. Introduction to the National Arithmetic, on the Inductive System, combining the Analytic and Synthetic Methods with the Cancelling System, in which the Principles of Arithmetic are explained and illustrated in a familiar manner designed for Common Schools throughout the United States, by Benj. Greenleaf, A. M. Principal Bradford Teachers' Seminary, and author of National Arithmetic; 172 pages, handsomely printed on fine paper and neatly bound, half morocco, the edition, revised, improved and stereotyped.

[The new and popular work has been very favorably received by the public, which is indicated by the large sales within the few months since its first publication. Teachers and School Committees, who have not examined it, will be furnished with copies for this purpose, gratis on application to the Boston Publishers, 77 Washington-st or to the undersigned.]

Greenleaf's National Arithmetic for the more advanced Scholars, forming a volume of upwards of 300 pages, handsomely printed on fine paper, bound in leather; 13th Improved Stereotype Edition. A Complete Key to this work furnished Teachers only.

I have carefully examined the National Arithmetic, and am happy in being able to say, that, in my opinion, it is preferable to any other that I am acquainted with. I recollect that so highly was it esteemed, both by the Committee and myself, that it was immediately after examination introduced into my School as the text-book in that science.

Yours, very respectfully,

D. W. CORCORAN.

Principal of the High School for Boys, Bangor.

[The above, forming a complete series of Common Schools and Academies, are highly recommended by all School Committees and Teachers, who have given them a trial, as preferable to all others.]

For sale on favorable terms, wholesale and retail by

SMITH & FENNO.

d&wtm

Jan. 8.

SAMUEL NOTT,

CIVIL ENGINEER, SURVEYOR, AND

GENERAL AGENT.

No. 5 City Point Block, Bangor, Me. RAIL ROADS, Common Roads, Canal, Factories and Mill Sites, Towns, Farms, Wild Land &c. Surveyed. Plans and Estimates for Building Bridges, &c. prepared, and all appertaining business executed. —REFERENCES—

Boston: Col. JAMES F. BALDWIN, Civil Eng'r. Col. J. M. FESSENDEN.

Wm. PARKER, Esq., Engineer and Superintendent Boston and Worcester Rail Road.

J. GOODWIN, Portsmouth, N. H.

Aug. 26—d&wtm

BLANKS.

BLANK BILLS for Hay Weighers, &c. dec. 7—d

THERMOMETERS.

E. F. DUREN'S.

JUST received at

Oct. 20.

B. and C. and R. R. CO.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after MONDAY, Oct. 23d, the Cars
will make three trips a day as follows:
Leave Bangor, at 7 o'clock, A. M.
" " " 12 " " P. M.
" " " 4 " " P. M.
Leave Oldtown, at 8 3/4 " " A. M.
" " " 12 3/4 " " P. M.
" " " 4 3/4 " " P. M.
FARE REDUCED.
First class Cars to Oldtown 35 cts
Forward " " " 30 " " which is 25 per
cent. less than former rates.
E. HARRIS, Superintendent.
Oct. 21st 1843.

CLEANLINESS OF THE HEAD AND HAIR
STRANGE it is that persons who attend strictly to personal cleanliness, baths, &c., should neglect the hair—the hair—the most essential—the most exposed—the most beautiful, when properly cared for, or all the gifts of the Creator. Perfectly free may it be kept of dandruff or scurf, with a certainty that the hair cannot fall out, by the use of the BALM OF COLUMBIA. Ladies will you make your toilet without this article? I answer fearlessly no if you have once tried and experienced its purifying effects—sweet perfume.
For sale by G. W. LADD, and A. P. GUILD, nov. 11.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO CONSUMPTIVES!



THE Time has come when Consumption may be classed with the curable diseases.
The Subscriber announces the gratifying intelligence that he is constantly receiving from England large supplies of

Buchan's Hungarian Balm of LIFE!

The ONLY compound known to the Medical Faculty, which will effect a speedy and permanent cure of that dreadful malady.

CONSUMPTION!
AND ALL DISEASES OF THE PULMONARY ORGANS.

For the last six years the Hungarian Balm has been in extensive use in Great Britain, and throughout the Continent of Europe, where it has completely astounded the Medical Faculty by its unparalleled success in the cure of the most

HOPELESS CASES
of Consumption ever brought under their notice.—In England it has cured thousands upon thousands; of all classes, in cases of the most dangerous Consumptive character; and the English papers are full of extravagant eulogiums upon it, and upon its distinguished authors.

This Balm has also been introduced into the practice of some of the best Hospitals, Infirmarys, and other Institutions in Great Britain, and has received the public sanction of the most distinguished Chemists and Professional men, as the

MOST WONDERFUL CURATIVE
of Pulmonary Diseases in the whole range of Pharmacy.

A Committee of seven of the most celebrated Physicians of London, who were requested by Dr. Buchan to give their unbiased opinions of his Balm, have, under their own names, unreservedly pronounced it an

UNRIVALED SPECIFIC:
And they unhesitatingly recommend it to be kept in every family of a CONSUMPTIVE TENDENCY. The joint certificate of these Physicians accompanies each bottle of the Balm.

Dr. Buchan has been elected an honorary member of the prominent Medical Societies of Europe, and his Balm is now so well established that liberal minded men, in the Medical profession, prescribe it for the patients as the

BEST OF ALL REMEDIES
for Pulmonary complaints and physical debility—and it is universally received as one of the standard medicines of the day.

The great merit of Dr. Buchan's Balm is this: in all cases of Pulmonary complaints it gives

IMMEDIATE RELIEF.
A single bottle will reveal its astonishing virtues; and open at once the fountain of health and strength to the afflicted.

Price of the Balm, only \$1 per bottle, with full Directions, Dissertation on Consumption; Notices and Certificates of Remarkable Cures, &c.
DAVID F. BRADLEE,
Sole Agent for the United States.

62, Court Street, Boston.
The Genuine Balm sold also, Wholesale and Retail, by DAVID BUGBEE, Bangor Me.; H. G. O. Washburn & Co., Belfast; J. B. Chick, Frankfort; N. Gilman, Village; A. F. Parlin, Skowhegan; Barnard & Hill, Bucksport; C. L. Hitchcock, East Machias; T. Fozz & Co. Thomaston; J. S. Richards & Co., Calais; A. S. French, Dexter; C. D. Gilmore, South Newbury; James Nasson, Lubec; J. Arey, Jr. & Co., Frankfort; Howard & Hall, Milford; Moses Hackell, Oldtown; B. B. Brown, Exeter; C. Copeland & Son, Dexter; Lamson & Wymann, Lubec; B. Nourse, Ellsworth. Oct. 6.

CONSTOCK'S SARSAPARILLA.
Dr. Constock & Co.'s Concentrated Compound Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla, for the cure of Scrofula, Mercurial and Syphilitic Diseases, Chronic Rheumatism, General Debility, Cutaneous Diseases, Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, And all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, exposures and imprudences in life, excessive use of Mercury, &c.

This article is warranted pure and strong, as good and in as large bottles, as any sold at one dollar per bottle, at the low price of fifty cents per bottle or \$4 per dozen, and can be found only at G. W. LADD'S, and A. P. GUILD'S.

nov-9. 3td and w6m.
HOMELY HINTS,
CHIEFLY addressed to Sunday School Teachers—by Old Humphrey—for sale at E. F. DUREN'S.

"THE BIRTHRIGHT"
A Novel, by Mrs. Goss—price 12 1/2 cts.—for sale by SMITH & PENNO

Nov. 11

FURNITURE STORE AND MANUFACTORY.
Shaw & Merrill
No. 66 Main-st.—BANGOR.
ARE constantly manufacturing by experienced and faithful workmen, and have now on hand a large Stock of
FURNITURE,
of the latest and most approved patterns, consisting in part of
SECRETARIES, BUREAUS, SOFAS,
Pier, Centre, Dining, Card, and Work Tables; Mahogany Parlor, Rocking, Cane, Flag-seat, and Common
CHAIRS
of every kind and price; Mahogany, French, Bird's Eye, Windlass, Screw Joint, and Common
BEDSTEADS;
Looking Glasses and Looking Glass Plates,
of all sizes. A superior article of Live Geese and Common
FEATHERS,
put up in the best manner and warranted to give satisfaction; Feather Beds; Curled Hair, and Palm-leaf
MATRESSES;
Pew and Chair Cushions; Willow Carriages, Cradles, Chairs and Stools, Hearth, Floor and Dust Brushes; Fancy and Common Bellows; all of which will be sold as CHEAP and warranted to be as GOOD as can be obtained in the city, or elsewhere.
Feb'y 4th, 1843. eopd&w6m

LOOKING GLASS & PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY.
FAIRBANKS & HOLLAND,
PEARSON'S MILLS.....BANGOR.
THE public are informed that we have established a manufactory for making **LOOKING GLASS, PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES** of all sizes and varieties. We have set up suitable machinery in all the branches of the business by which much labor is saved and the price of these rich and beautiful articles is greatly reduced, so that a fine article may now take the place of coarse and ill looking ones, and at as low a price.
Large and elegant O G and bevel frames, and small bevel frames with rich mahogany veneer are manufactured in such quantities that we are prepared to answer, at short notice, all orders at
WHOLESALE,
by the hundred or thousand, at prices that cannot but be satisfactory to dealers.
New frames fitted to Portraits, Looking Glasses or Pictures, or new glasses furnished and fitted to old frames.
Dealers supplied with frames either with or without glass.
N B Orders respectfully solicited for single frames or by the dozen; and as this is a new branch of Home Manufacture to any extent, we trust the public will be ready to encourage and support the enterprise.
For the convenience of our city friends, orders for frames of any kind may be left at the Hardware store of DAVID MOSMAN on East Market Place. Bangor, July 26, 1843—d&wtf

TO THE OLD AND YOUNG.
HO! YE RED HEADS AND GREY!
PHENOMENON IN CHEMISTRY.
EAST INDIA HAIR DYE.
Colors the Hair, and will not the Skin
THIS Dye is in form of a powder, which in plain matter of fact may be applied to the hair over night, the first night turning the lightest RED or GREY HAIR to a dark brown, and by repeating a second or third night to a bright jet black. Any person may, therefore, with the least possible trouble, keep his hair any dark shade or perfect black; with a positive assurance that the powder, if applied to the skin, will not color it. By an occasional application, a person turning grey will never be known to have a grey hair. Directions complete with the article. There is no coloring in this statement, as one can easily test.
These facts are warranted by the gentleman who manufactures it, who is the celebrated Chemist, DR. COMSTOCK, author of Comstock's Chemistry, Philosophy, and other works, and School Books, well known and widely celebrated by the public.
For sale by G. W. LADD, A. P. GUILD, and A. YOUNG, JR. & Co. formerly Holden's. nov-10. 3td and w6m

GRAVESTONES FOUND.
FOUND stowed away in Hammett's Building in this city a wooden box about four feet long a pair of grave stones. The box is marked "Jabez Knowlton Bangor Me Luther Bisset [or Bisset] Matawankeag Me"
The owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges. For further information call at the Whig and Courier Office.
oct. 14, 1843.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS. A great variety for sale by E. F. DUREN.
dec. 21.

OLD NEWSPAPERS for sale at this office.

PAINTS AND OILS.
DYE STUFFS OF ALL KINDS.
500 boxes ALL SIZES WINDOW GLASS.
ALL KINDS OF BRUSHES.
And a very large supply of PAPER HANGINGS, including Satin and cheap styles; all of which will be sold very low.
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SANDS' SARSAPARILLA.
FOR THE REMOVAL AND PERMANENT CURE OF ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, OR HABIT OF THE SYSTEM, NAMELY:
Scrofula, or King's Evil, rheumatism, obstinate cutaneous eruptions, pimples, or pustules on the face, blotches, biles, chronic sore eyes, ring worm or tetter, scald head, enlargement and pain of the bones and joints, stubborn ulcers, syphilitic symptoms, sciatica, or lumbago, and diseases arising from an injudicious use of the mercury, ascites, or dropsy, exposure or imprudence in life. Also, chronic constitutional disorders will be removed by this preparation.
The proprietors submit to the public the following certificate, from a highly respectable source, of a cure made by using their preparation of Sarsaparilla, which cannot but have the effect of placing beyond all doubt the curative powers of the medicine.
NEW YORK, August 3, 1842.
"Messrs. Sands—Gentlemen: Under a feeling sense of gratitude inherent to us all when suddenly relieved from suffering and disease. I now, as an act of justice due to you, and with a view of relieving the afflicted, make known to the world the inestimable benefit I have received from the use of your Sarsaparilla. In the year 1832 I sailed from England in a vessel bound for Quebec, and while on the passage first discovered the disease which after proved to be a sore affliction; and truly I can say, from the crown of my head to the sole of my foot there was no soundness in me." From the time first mentioned down until the present, a period of more than ten years, I have suffered all that human nature was capable of bearing. I have been under the care of the most distinguished physicians both in this country and in England, visited Bath, Cheltenham, Bristol and Gloucester, tried various specifics, among others a large quantity of Swaim's Panacea, used sulphur baths, &c. As a last resort I was induced to wrap myself in a tar ointment, keep myself secluded, shunned by all, myself also shunning. I was induced to believe my case a hopeless one.
In August last, by the advice of friends, I went to the New York City Hospital, but was there told that my case was incurable. The disease now enveloped my whole body, rendering me almost helpless; the skin thickened and cracked, and blood and matter ran, and life itself became almost a burden. A few weeks since I was induced to use your Sarsaparilla by hearing it so highly recommended, having spent nearly \$3,000 without obtaining but little relief. After using it a short time, I found myself better, and now, by using six or eight bottles, costing me less than ten dollars, I am well. Yes, I certify and declare to the world, that after spending near \$3,000 in traveling and doctoring, and suffering more than can be told, I was perfectly cured by using your invaluable preparation of Sarsaparilla; and I now recommend it to all similarly afflicted. Those wishing to know further particulars will find me at my residence, No. 27 Warren street, New York, where I shall be happy to communicate any thing in relation to the above cure.
PAUL BURDOCK."

Prepared and sold by A. B. SANDS & Co. Druggists and Chemists, Granite Buildings, 273 Broadway, corner of Chambers street, New York. And for sale by Druggists throughout the United States. Price \$1 per bottle, six bottles for \$5.

The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands' Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject, and ask for Sands' Sarsaparilla, and take no other.

G. W. LADD, Agent for this vicinity, and dealers will be supplied very low by the dozen. June 20—3td and w6m

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Brushes, etc.
G. W. LADD, Apothecary &c., corner of Smith's Block, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made a very large addition to his heretofore very large Stock of DRUGS, &c. and can now offer very low for cash, a very extensive assortment of ALL KINDS OF MEDICINES, including almost every kind of Thomsonian Medicine and Patent articles generally.

PAINTS AND OILS.
DYE STUFFS OF ALL KINDS.
500 boxes ALL SIZES WINDOW GLASS.
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Dr. D. Jayne's FAMILY MEDICINES.
JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.
THIS invaluable medicine is daily effecting some of the most astonishing and wonderful cures that have ever been known. All who have used it for Asthma, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Whooping Cough, Croup or Hives, Consumption, Chronic Bleeding, Hoarseness, Pain and Soreness of the Throat, Difficulty of Breathing, and every other disease of the LUNGS and CHEST, can and do attest to its usefulness. BRONCHITIS, a disease which is annually sweeping thousands upon thousands to a premature grave, under the mistaken name of CONSUMPTION, is always cured by it. The usual symptoms of this disease, Bronchitis, are Cough, Soreness of the Lungs or Throat, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Hectic Fever, a Spitting up of Phlegm or Mucus, and sometimes Blood. It is an inflammation of the fine skin which lines the inside of the whole of the wind tubes or air vessels, which run through every part of the Lungs. The Expectorant immediately suppresses the Cough, Pain, Inflammation, Fever and Difficulty of Breathing, and produces a free and easy expectoration, and a cure is speedily effected.
It cures the CROUP or HIVES of children, in 15 minutes to an hour's time. It immediately subdues the violence of WHOOPING COUGH, and effects a speedy cure. A hundred who have been given up by their physicians as incurable with CONSUMPTION, have been restored to perfect health by it.
It cures the PLEURISY, INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS, or in acute RHEUMATISM, in doses sufficiently large, so as to cause a little nausea for some time, going to bed and covering up warm, it will produce perspiration, and subdue those affections at once.
PRICE \$1.00.

Tonic Vermifuge.
WORMS IN CHILDREN. Of all diseases to which children are exposed, none are so fatal to them as Worms. Unfortunately, children are seldom free from them, and as they imitate the symptoms of almost every other complaint, they often produce alarming effects without being suspected. They are not only a cause of disease themselves, but by their irritation aggravate all other diseases, wandering from one part of the body to another, winding themselves up into large balls, and obstructing the bowels, and frequently the throat, causing convulsions, and too often death. The desired remedy will be found in Dr. JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE, which will very soon destroy the worms, and invigorate the powers of digestion so as to prevent a return of them. PRICE 50 cents.

JAYNE'S CARMINATIVE BALM.
This is one of the most efficient, pleasant and safe compositions ever offered to the public, for the cure of the various derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, and the only article worthy of a host confidence for curing CHOLERA INFANTUM or SUMMER COMPLAINT, and in the above and following diseases, it really acts like a charm, viz:
Dysentery, Diarrhea, or Looseness, Cholera Morbus, Summer Complaint, Cholera Griping Pain, Four Stomach, Sick and Nervous Headache, Heartburn, Waterbrash, Pain or Sickness of the Stomach, Vomiting, Spitting up of food after eating, and also where it passes through the body unchanged; Want of Appetite, Restlessness and inability to Sleep, Wind in the Stomach and Bowels, Hysterics, Cramp, Nervous Tremors and Twitchings, Sea Sickness, Faintings, Melancholy and Lowness of Spirits, Fretting and Crying of Infants, and for all Bowel Affections and Nervous Diseases.
PRICE 50 cents.

Hair Tonic.
NO EXCUSE FOR A BALD HEAD. Since the important discovery of Dr. JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC, every one who, if they choose, preserve their hair from falling out, or if already bald, may, with certainty, have their hair restored again by a faithful and persevering application of this valuable HAIR TONIC.
Please to read with prejudice the following communication, which, in addition to hundreds of others, equally respectable, should remove the doubts of every reasonable person of the uniform and singular efficacy of JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC.
HAMILTON, Feb. 15, 1840.

Dr. D. Jayne—Dear Sir: I cannot say my hair is restored, but I can say that it appears to be in as rapid a process of restoration as could reasonably be expected. I had not finished the first bottle, before a decided change was manifest over the bald part of the head, to which it was applied. A new growth of fine glossy hair, much like that of an infant, appeared, and has continued to increase, and I have had it cut two or three times. I have recently commenced upon the third bottle, but have been a good deal irregular in the use of the Tonic from the first, and from this cause I apprehend the effect is at present less than it otherwise would have been.

I began the use of the Tonic with little or no faith that it would ever be successful on my head, though I felt entire confidence in your statements of what it had done for others; and I was as much surprised as delighted when I saw the effect. You recollect the appearance of my head when in your office. I assure you the hair has been nearly, if not quite, an inch long at the time I have had it cut, on those parts which were nearly bald, and when you saw me. It was, however, very fine, though quite thick. I am flushed with sanguine hopes of final success, in the diligent use of your Tonic, which, amidst all the hair buntings which have been advertised in the papers, I am constrained to believe is what it claims to be, and that it will make the hair grow, and no mistake, at least on some heads.
GEO. W. EATON,
Prof in Hamilton Lit., and Theological Seminary, Madison County, New York.

Jayne's Sanative Pills.
These Pills are an excellent, mild and safe purge at all times, and are exceedingly useful in dyspepsia and obstructions of the Liver. Persons taking them can eat and drink as usual, without fear of injury, and what is of infinite advantage, making the use of mercurial preparations, so frequently used in derangements of the stomach and liver, unnecessary.

These Pills may be taken at all times, and are beneficial in nearly all diseases. They have long been a favorite prescription of the proprietor for all obstructions of the Liver, Spleen, Kidneys, Uterus, and all other organs of the body—Inflammatory, Intermittent, Remittent, Bilious, and every other form of Fever—Jaundice and Liver Complaint. For dyspepsia they are really an invaluable article, gradually changing the vitiated secretions of the stomach, and producing healthy action in that important organ. They are very valuable in diseases of the Skin, and for what is commonly called "impurity of the blood"; also for Female Complaints, Costiveness, &c. &c.—and in fact every disease where an Aperient, Alternative or Purgative medicine is required.

Four fifths of the numerous and distressing cases of DYSPEPSIA POSITIVELY CAN BE CURED by a persevering use of this valuable SANATIVE.

They are expressly prepared to be used as an Aperient, when purging is necessary, while using his Expectorant, and for the removal of obstructions in the Liver, which are often attendant on some of the diseases of the Breast.

Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne, Philadelphia.
And for sale, Wholesale and Retail, by SMITH & PENNO, Bookellers, 14 West Market Square, Bangor, aug 23 eowd&wly

BUCKSPORT HIGH SCHOOL, AND CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.
THIS School, now in operation, will continue permanently under the care of JOHN B. L. SOULE, A. B., an experienced and successful Instructor.

It will be the purpose of the Principal, and of those who may be connected with him, to maintain a school of the first rank—where, by means of a thorough and progressive course of study, a uniform and judicious discipline, and a careful vigilance over the intellectual and moral habits of the pupils, the young of both sexes may enjoy the greatest facilities for acquiring a sound, practical education.

Thorough instruction will be given to young gentlemen preparing for college, fitting them to enter the Freshmen, or advanced classes.

Terms of Tuition. For Common Studies, \$4.00; For Higher Branches and Languages, \$5.00.

Board may be procured on reasonable terms; and permanent arrangements will soon be made, by which pupils from abroad will be accommodated at very favorable charges.

The Fall Term will commence September 11th, and continue eleven weeks.

References.
REV. S. L. POMROY, } Bang